Part I. No partial credit will be given in this part. Do not need to show all your work. Only the **final result** will be needed.

- (1) (7 points) Find the slope of the curve  $y^2 = x^2 + \sin(xy)$  at the point (0, 1).
- (2) (7 points) The marginal cost of manufacturing x yards of a certain fabric is  $C'(x) = 3x^2 12x + 15$  (in dollars per yard). Find the increase in cost if the production level is raised from 10 yards to 20 yards.
- (3) (7 points) Find  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{x^3} \int_0^x \frac{t^2}{t^4+1} dt$ .
- (4) (7 points) Find the area of the region bounded by the curve  $y = xe^{-x}$  and the x-axis from x = 0 to x = 4.
- (5) (7 points) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving about the x-axis the region bounded by the curve  $y = \frac{4}{(x^2 + 4)}$ , the x-axis, and the lines x = 0 and x = 2.
- (6) (7 points) Find the direction in which  $f(x, y, z) = x^3 xy^2 z$  increases most rapidly at the point (1, 1, 0).
- (7) (7 points) Find the local extreme values of the function  $f(x,y) = xy x^2 y^2 2x 2y + 4$ .
- (8) (7 points) Find the volume of the tetrahedron D with vertices (0,0,0), (1,1,0), (0,1,0), and (0,1,1).
- (9) (7 points) Integrate  $f(x, y, z) = x 3y^2 + z$  over the line segment C joining the point (1, 1, 0) to the point (1, 1, 1).
- (10) (7 points) Calculate the outward flux of the field  $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = x\mathbf{i} + y^2\mathbf{j}$  across the square bounded by the lines x = -1, x = 1, y = -1, and y = 1.
- (11) (7 points) Find the circulation of the field  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (x^2 y)\mathbf{i} + 4z\mathbf{j} + x^2\mathbf{k}$  around the curve C in which the plane z = 2 meets the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , counterclockwise as viewed from above.

Part II. Partial credits will be given in this part. Show all your work to get credits.

- (12) (8 points) Show that the function  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^2 2$  has exactly one zero on the interval [0,1].
- (13) (8 points) Show that  $\tan^{-1} x = x \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \dots$ ,  $-1 \le x \le 1$ .
- (14) (7 points) Show that the function  $f(x,y) = \frac{2x^2y}{x^4 + y^2}$  has no limit as (x,y) approaches (0,0)